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CIPO Canadian Patents Home Page **Patents Data** 05/22/2000 - 16:50:12 Home Page (12) Patent: Trade-marks (11) CA 1274602 Database Application Number: (21) 538410 Search U.S. and European (54) CHARACTER INPUT/OUTPUT DEVICE **Patents** Search **Options** (54) DISPOSITIF DE SAISIE DE CARACTERES Basic View or Download Images Number (72) Inventors (Country): Boolean ROHM, SAMSEN (Canada) Advanced (73) Owners (Country): ROHM, SAMSEN (Canada) Guided Tour (71) Applicants (Country): ROHM, SAMSEN (Canada) Help (74) Agent: Thompson, Douglas B. Content (45) Issued on: Sep. 25, 1990 Searching (22) Filed on: May 29, 1987 +FAQ (43) Laid open on: Disclaimer (52) Canadian Class (CPC): 340/191 (51) International Class (IPC): G06F 3/02 Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT): No (30) Application priority data: None Availability of licence: N/A Language of filing: **English**

ABSTRACT:

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A character input device for a computer comprised of a plurality of switches or threshold zones adapted to be activated by a disk movable with the tip of a pen in preset serial patterns.

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(54) Character Input/Output Device

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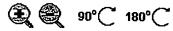
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ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A character input device for a computer comprised of a plurality or switches or threshold somes adapted to be activated by a disk movable with the tip of a pen in preset serial patterns.



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The present invention relates to character input device for use with a computer.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Computers have been developed which are the size of credit cards. A break through is required with respect to the miniaturization of character input devices before the full potential of credit card computers can be realized.

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The character input device most commonly employed in connection with computers remains the Qwerty keyboard as developed for use in typewriters almost a century ago. Attempts have been made to miniaturize this 15 keyboard, however these attempts have not met with success. A miniature Querty keyboard on which the keys are activated with the tip of a pen is not efficient, as the human hand obscures the keyboard and speed is lost when the operator must "hunt and peck" the multiplicity Efforts have been made to miniaturize the 20 of keys. keyboard by reducing the number of keys required. This can be done by having characters entered by pressing two or more keys in combination. The problem with this type of keyboard is that it still is limited by the size of 25 the fingers of the human hand required to activate the keys and a reduction in the number of keys inevitably reduces the number of potential characters, thereby limiting use.

30 Efforts have been made to develop handwriting decoders, as an alternative to keyboards. These input devices are capable of "reading" a persons printing or handwriting. In theory, this would be an ideal system as it would have all the flexibility and portability of 35 handwriting combined with the speed and clarity of typing. In practice these devices have met with numerous problems. All operable devices are complex as the

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characters they must decode tend to vary with the handwriting style of the operator. The size of the input mechanism is necessarily limited by the smallest character a human can accurately and consistently write. Interactive feedback is required due to the possibility that characters may not be recognized.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The primary object of the present invention is to 10 provide a character input device for a computer which is capable of a greater degree of miniaturization than prior art devices.

Broadly, the present invention provides a character input device for a computer comprised of a plurality of selection recognition means adapted to be activated by movable selection means in preset serial patterns.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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These and other features of the invention will become more apparent from the following description in which reference is made to the appended drawings, wherein:

25 FIGURE 1 is a schematic representation of an alternate embodiment of the invention utilizing three switches.

FIGURE 2 is a schematic representation of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing four 30 switches.

FIGURE 3 is a schematic representation of an alternate embodiment of the invention utilizing five switches.

FIGURE 4 is a schematic representation of a 35 preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing six switches.

FIGURE 5 is a schematic representation of an alternate embodiment of the invention utilizing seven switches.

FIGURE 6 is a schematic representation of an alternate embodiment of the invention utilizing eight switches.

FIGURE 7 is a schematic representation of an alternate embodiment of the invention utilizing nine switches.

FIGURE 8 is a top plan view of a preferred 10 embodiment of the invention utilizing conductive plates horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 9 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing conductive plates horizontally aligned.

15 FIGURE 10 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing conductive plates vertically aligned.

FIGURE 11 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing conductive plates vertically aligned.

FIGURE 12 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane switches horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 13 is a partially cut away side plan view of 25 a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane switches horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 14 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane switches vertically aligned.

FIGURE 15 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane switches vertically aligned.

FIGURE 16 is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane switches horizontally aligned activated by a movable disk.

FIGURE 17 is a perspective view of a preferred

embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane switches vertically aligned activated by a movable disk.

FIGURE 18 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing strain gauges horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 19 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing strain gauges horizontally aligned.

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FIGURE 20 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing strain gauges 10 vertically aligned on a cantilever beam.

FIGURE 21 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing strain gauges vertically aligned on a cantilever beam.

FIGURE 22 is a top plan view of a preferred 15 embodiment of the invention utilizing an electrically charged cantilever beam.

FIGURE 23 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing an electrically charged cantilever beam.

20 FIGURE 24 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing insulated conductive plates horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 25 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing 25 insulated conductive plates horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 26 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing insulated conductive plates vertically aligned.

FIGURE 27 is a partially cut away side plan view of 30 a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing insulated conductive plates vertically aligned.

FIGURE 28 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane capacitors horizontally aligned.

35 FIGURE 29 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane capacitors horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 30 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane capacitors vertically aligned.

FIGURE 31 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing membrane capacitors vertically aligned.

FIGURE 32 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing hall effect sensors horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 33 is a partially cut away side plan view of 10 a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing hall effect sensors horizontally aligned.

FIGURE 34 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing hall effect sensors vertically aligned.

FIGURE 35 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing hall effect sensors vertically aligned.

FIGURE 36 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing photo-transistors, 20 and a single light emitting diode.

FIGURE 37 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing phototransistors, and a single light emitting diode.

FIGURE 38 is a top plan view of a preferred 25 embodiment of the invention utilizing photo-transistor and light emitting diode pairs.

FIGURE 39 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing phototransistor and light emitting diode pairs.

30 FIGURE 40 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing conductive plates horizontally aligned activated by a movable disk imbedded in carbon impregnated elastomer.

FIGURE 41 is a partially cut away side plan view of 35 a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing conductive plates horizontally aligned activated by a movable disk imbedded in carbon impregnated elastomer.

FIGURE 42 is a top plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing conductive plates vertically aligned activated by a movable disk imbedded in carbon impregnated elastomer.

FIGURE 43 is a partially cut away side plan view of a preferred embodiment of the invention utilizing conductive plates vertically aligned activated by a movable disk imbedded in carbon impregnated elastomer.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The preferred embodiment will now be described with reference to FIGURES 1 through 43.

Illustrated in FIGURES 8 through 43 are a number of preferred embodiments which may be used to put the invention into practice once the underlying principles of the invention are understood. The underlying principles which will be hereinafter described involve a consideration of our alphabet as a character set, and the mathematical relationship between characters in differing character sets.

The number of unique characters in a character set is the "base" of that character set. For example, our number system is considered as base 10. characters when counting; 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9. To represent a value larger than the size of the "base" character set requires the combined use of one or more characters from the set. In our number system, for 30 example, we continue counting 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, etc. until we have exhausted all two character combinations, then we combine three characters to continue counting 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, etc. In advanced mathematics is recognized that it is possible to convert 35 characters from one base character set to a character Each character has a set with a different base. "positional value" within its base character set, which

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can be represented by a character having an equivalent "positional value" in a different base character set.

Our alphabet has 26 letters and as such is a base 26 character set. We would only be able to have 26 words in our language were it not for the combinations of characters which we form into words. The underlying principle of this invention is that the characters of an alpha-numeric character set may be represented by combinations of characters having equivalent positional value from a reduced base character set. The preferred base systems which can be used are base 3 and base 5, with the character input devices having four and six switches respectively in order that one switch may be dedicated to signalling to the computer the end of a transmission sequence.

The character input device, generally designated as 10, is shown in schematic form in FIGURES 1 through 7. Character input device 10 has a plurality of switches 12 for data input. The input device can be configured to operate with as few as three switches as illustrated in FIGURE 1 or as many as nine switches as illustrated in FIGURE 7 depending upon the reduced character set which is selected. FIGURES 1 through 7 are merely for purposes of illustration as it is possible for character input device 10 to have a greater number of switches than is illustrated. The key factor is that each of the switches must uniquely represent a character of the reduced character set.

The computer must be able to recognize the end of a transmission sequence. The computer can either be programmed to consider the transmission sequence at an 35 end after a specified number of characters have been entered or, preferably, one additional switches is added to character input device 10 which is dedicated to

signalling to the computer the end of a transmission sequence. Each of switches 12 are connected by links 14 to a power source and the input terminals of a computer. It has been found to be particularly advantageous if switches 12 preferably are oriented about a central point 16.

Instead of switches which are either in an "off" or "on" position, character input device 10 may be comprised of a plurality of zones, with means for 10 measuring the direction and threshold magnitude of movement of selection means to determine whether a selection has been made, as will be hereinafter described.

It is not important how the switches or threshold zones are activated, this can be accomplished by the direct motion of fingers of a human hand, if desired. In order to achieve a greater degree of miniaturization it has been found that the tip of a pointed instrument such as a pen is particularly suited for the task.

A number of preferred embodiments of the invention will now be described as illustrated in FIGURES 8 25 through 41. One skilled in the art will appreciate that although not shown in FIGURES 8 through 41, each embodiment must have links 22 connecting character input device 10 to a power source and the input terminal of a computer. The illustrations have been made larger than actual scale for clarity, some of the preferred embodiments of the invention as hereinafter described have been built as small as 2 milli-meters square.

One preferred embodiment of the invention illustrated in FIGURE 8 shows a character input device to which is comprised of four conductive plates 18

surrounding a charged centre plate 20. A disk 22 having a conductive bottom surface 24 is centred upon and movable about centre plate 20. Disk 22 has an indentation 36 into which the tip 26 of a pointed instrument such as a pen 28 can be inserted, as best illustrated in FIGURE 9. Disk 22 is moved by exerting pressure with tip 26 of pen 28 upon indentation 36. When disk 22 is moved into contact with one of conductive plates 18 an electrical circuit is completed with centre plate 20. In order to further miniaturize 10 the preferred embodiment, conductive plates 18 can be placed on a vertical plane in relation to charged centre plate 20, as is illustrated in FIGURES 10 and 11. order for this embodiment to be operable disk 22 must have conductive side surfaces 62. A further variation 15 of this basic configuration is illustrated in FIGURES 22 and 23. As best illustrated in FIGURE 23 disk 22 can be placed upon a cantilever beam 50. Cantilever beam 50 is charged with electric current which is communicated to conductive side surfaces 62 on disk 22. 20 plates 18 are vertically aligned. When tip 26 of pen 28 exerts a force upon indentation 36 of disk 22, cantilever beam 50 flexes permitting conductive side surfaces 62 of disk 22 to contact conductive plates 18 completing an electrical circuit with electrically 25 charged cantilever beam 50. Once a selection has been made cantilever beam 50 returns to a central position at centre point 16. It has been found that the embodiment using cantilever beam 50 is easier to use if conductive plates are placed in the corners as illustrated in 30 FIGURE 22, as this orients the user to the current position of tip 26 of pen 28.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention as illustrated in FIGURES 12 and 13, shows a character 35 input device 10 which is comprised of four membrane switches 30. Each of membrane switches 30 have contact surfaces 32 and 34, which are activated by pressing on a

selected membrane switch 30 with tip 26 of pen 28 such that contact surfaces 32 and 34 come into contact completing an electrical circuit. Membrane switches 30 are arranged around a centre point 16 in order to limit the movement required by pen 28 and provide a surface upon which to rest pen 28 between character input strokes. In order further miniaturize character input device 10, membrane switches 30 may be placed on a vertical plane with respect to centre point 16, as is illustrated in FIGURES 14 and 15. Membrane switches 30 can also be activated by disk 22, as is illustrated in FIGURES 16 and 17.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention as illustrated in FIGURES 18 and 19, shows a character 15 input device 10 which uses two strain gauges 38 and 40 which are mounted to a elastic material 42 which rests upon and is affixed to the edges 44 of a supporting Strain gauges 38 and 40 are arranged such surface 46. that strain gauge 38 measures forces applied in a 20 direction which is perpendicular to the forces measured by strain gauge 40. Arranging strain gauges 38 and 40 to measure forces in differing directions allows the division of the surface of elastic material 42 into zones. Each of the zones represents a selection option. 25 As will be apparent to one skilled in the art the use of strain gauges 38 and 40 can be used to create four zones with four selection options. In order that tip 26 of pen 28 may be used to make selections without damaging material 42 a reinforced opening 30 positioned on elastic material 42. When tip 26 of pen 28 is inserted into and applies a force in the direction of one of the zones to reinforced opening 48 strain gauges 38 and 40 measure the direction and threshold magnitude of the force to determine whether a selection 35 has been made.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGURES 20 and 21 shows a character input device 10 which is comprised of a cantilever beam 50 having one end 52 fixed to a base 54 and an opposed end 56 extending vertically from base 54. Two strain gauges 38 and 40 are mounted to sides 58 and 60 respectively of cantilever beam 50 such that they measure forces applied in differing directions in relation to the vertical orientation of cantilever beam 50. A disk 22 is positioned on opposed end 56 of cantilever beam 50. 10 Disk 22 has an indentation 36 which is adapted to receive tip 26 of pen 28 in order that a force may be exerted to cantilever beam 50 to make a selection. Strain gauges 38 and 40 measure the direction and threshold magnitude of movement of cantilever beam 50 to 15 determine whether a selection has been made.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGURES 24 and 25, which shows a character input device 10 comprised of four conductive 20 plates 18 surrounding a charged centre plate 20. of conductive plates 18 have a thin insulating coating 64. A disk 22 having a conductive bottom surface 24 is centred upon and movable about centre plate 20 whereby changes in capacitance may be effected by movement of 25 disk 22 toward one of conductive plates 18. When a tip 26 of pen 28 is inserted into indentation 36 of disk 22 and force is exerted to move disk 22 in a selected direction the threshold magnitude of changes capacitance is measured in relation to a starting 30 capacitance level when disk 22 is centred on plate 20 to determine whether a selection has been made. further miniaturize character input device 10, conductive plates 18 with insulating coating 64 may be placed on a vertical plane with respect to disk 22 as 35 illustrated in FIGURES 26 and 27. Disk 22 has conductive side surfaces 62 and is prevented from coming into contact with conductive plates 18 by insulating

coating 64. Insulating coating 64 is elastic such that disk 22 can move toward conductive plates 18 to create a change in capacitance.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGURES 28 and 29, which shows a character input device 10 comprised of four membrane capacitors 66. Each of membrane capacitors 66 have contact surfaces 68 and 70 separated by a thin insulating material 72. Membrane capacitors 66 are activated by pressing on a selected membrane capacitor 66 with the tip 26 of a pen 28 to move contact surfaces 68 and 70 closer together and thereby increase the capacitance in the selected membrane capacitor 66. threshold magnitude of changes in capacitance when 15 contact surfaces 68 and 70 come closer together is measured to determine whether a-selection has been made. In order to further miniaturize character input device 10 membrane capacitors 66 can be placed on a vertical plane in relation to a centre point 16, which is 20 provided to rest tip 26 of pen 28 between character input strokes, as is illustrated in FIGURES 30 and 31.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGURES 32 and 33, which shows a 25 character input device 10 comprised of four hall effect sensors 90. A movable disk 22 having a magnetic bottom surface 74 is positioned at a centre point 16 between hall effect sensors 90. Changes in voltage may be effected upon movement of disk 22 toward one of hall 30 effect sensors 90. The threshold magnitude of changes in voltage upon movement of disk 22, in relation to a starting voltage level, is measured to determine whether a selection has been made. In order to further miniaturize character input device 10, hall effect 35 sensors 90 may be placed on a vertical plane in relation to disk 22, as is illustrated in FIGURES 34 and 35. When hall effect sensors 90 are placed on a vertical

plane, side surfaces 76 of disk 22 should be magnetic in order for the desired change in voltage to be achieved.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGURES 36 and 37, which shows a character input device 10 comprised of four phototransistors 78 surrounding a light emitting diode 80. A disk 22 having a concave reflective bottom surface 82 is centred upon and movable about diode 80 such that as disk 22 is moved toward one of photo-transistors 78 light is reflected by reflective bottom surface 82 of disk 22 from diode 80 to one of photo-transistors 78 thereby increasing the voltage in photo-transistor 78. The threshold magnitude of changes in voltage upon movement of disk 22, in relation to a starting voltage 15 level when disk 22 is centred on diode 80, is measured to determine whether a selection has been made.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGURES 38 and 39, which shows a 20 character input device 10 comprised of four phototransistors 78 and light emitting diode 80 pairs. Pairs 78 and 80 are arranged such that a beam of light from each of diodes 80 is focused on one of phototransistors 78. A movable disk 22 is adjacent the beams of light such that movement of disk 22 results in the beam of light between one photo-transistor 78 and light emitting diode 80 pair being disrupted.

Another preferred embodiment of the invention is as 30 illustrated in FIGURES 40 and 41, which shows a character input device 10 comprised of four conductive plates 18 surrounding a charged centre plate 20. A disk 22 is centred upon and movable about centre plate 20. Disk 22 is encased in a thin sheet of carbon impregnated elastomer material 86 which is bonded to conductive plates 18 at points 88. When a force is applied by tip 26 of pen 28 to indentation 36 of disk 22, elastomer

material 86 is compressed permitting disk 22 to move closer to one of conductive plates 18. The movement of disk 22 effects a change in voltage. The threshold magnitude of changes in voltage in relation to a starting voltage level with disk 22 centred on centre plate 20, is measured to determine whether a selection has been made. In order to further miniaturize character input device 10, conductive plates may be placed in a vertical plane in relation to centre plate 20, as is illustrated in FIGURES 42 and 43.

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All of the devices illustrated in FIGURES 8 through 43, operate with a reduced base character set being used for input purposes. The reduced base character sets are of such importance to the operation of the device that 15 copies of character sets from base 2 to base 8, are contained in TABLES 1 through 7, respectively, which are annexed as a schedule to this specification in order to make a complete disclosure of the invention. The character sets contained in TABLES 1 through 7 are derived by a conversion of the positional value of the ASCII character set to the selected base character set.

One skilled in the art will appreciate that the reduced character set can be optimised by ensuring that 25 the minimum number of input strokes are required for the As part of the optimization most used characters. process the relationship between certain characters must be rationalized. An example of this is the relationship between uppercase and lower case lettering. In an 30 optimised system the upper and lower case input for a character of the alphabet bear a close resemblance so the operator may more readily commit the codes to memory. Optimised character sets for the preferred base systems, base 3 and base 5 are contained in TABLES 8 and 35 9, respectively. The human memory only has a capacity to readily recall a limited number of characters; by optimising the character set it facilitates memorization which enhances input speed. The characters contained in TABLES 1 through 9, have been assigned base 10 numbers, in order that one skilled in the art may review the steps which were taken in optimizing TABLES 8 and 9.

It will be apparent to one skilled in the art that once the underlying principle of a reduced character set is known, and the operation of the preferred embodiments is understood numerous variations may be made to the configuration and operation of the preferred embodiments without departing from the substance of the invention.

A description of the operation of the preferred embodiment will now be given using the optimised base 3 character set as illustrated in TABLE 8. The operation 15 described is the same for any one of the preferred embodiments illustrated in FIGURES 8 through 43. the purpose of our description we will assign to our four switches or selection zones the symbols 0, +, !, Using these switches to input the word 20 "Canada", we first position the tip 26 of pen 28. will place tip 26 at centre point 16, in indentation 36 of disk 22 or reinforced opening 48 of elastic material 42, depending upon the embodiment selected. By applying a force to pen 28 we make a selection of one of the 25 three available characters, 0, +, !. The first letter of our word "Canada" requires an upper case "C". requires an input of O!!!, as set forth in TABLE 8. Once the selections are made for the upper case "C", the send switch is selected to signal to the computer the 30 end of the transmission sequence. The balance of the word would thus be entered, "a" - !!! - send, "n" - +++ - send, "a" - !!! - send, "d" - !+! - send, and "a"-!!! - send. A selection + - send, would then be made to leave a space prior to entering the next word of the 35 sentence.

TABLE 1

For a BASE 2 or binary system (we shall represent our BASE 2 aracters as '!'&'O') we will have one switch for each of the binary characters plus one SEND switch for a total of three switches.

DEC BASE 10	BINARY BASE 2	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION	DECIMAL BASE 10	BINARY BASE 2	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION
\$56789012345678900123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789001234567890012345678000000000000000000000000000000000000		NOPQRSTUVWXY \ 6 - CUMBLICEIGTERSO ERCENTER OF COUNTY O	FORMFEED CARRIAGE RETU CONTROL O CONTROL O CONTROL P CONTROL C CONTROL T CONTROL V CONTROL V CONTROL V CONTROL Y CONTROL Z ESCAPE CONTROL Z ESCAPE CONTROL BACKS CONTROL Z ESCAPE CONTROL BACKS CONTROL SIX CONTROL BACKS CONTROL BACKS CONTROL BACKS CONTROL SIX CONTROL BACKS CONTROL SI CONTROL BACKS	776 77789012344567890123445678999999999999999999999999999999999999	00	ASSE SCII BASE OESIGNASSEE BCDPTION AT PPERCASSEE HIJKLMNOPPERCASSEE WXYZT AT PPERCASSEE WYZZT AT PPERCASSEE WYZZT OA BUPPPERCASSEE WYZZT AT PPERCASSEE WYZZT OA BUPPPERCASSEE WYZZT OA BUPP

TABLE 2

For a BASE 3 or trinary system (we shall represent our BASE 3 characters as '!','+','O') we will have one switch for a total characters plus one SEND switch for a total characters.

DEC T BASE 10	RINARY BASE 3	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION	DECIMAL 1 BASE 10	TRINARY BASE 3	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!+0!	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION	64 85 66 67 689 70 712 TAB 734 AB 775 80 812 838 845 887 889 991 1001 1034 1045 1078 1089 1099 1100 110			ATPERCASE COUPPERCASSE COUPPERC

BASE 4 characters as '!', '+' 's' ''. 'O') we will have one switch for each of the quadrinary characters plus one SEND switch for a total of five switches.

DEC BASE 10	QUADRA BASE 4	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION	DECIMAL BASE 10	QUADRA BASE 4	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION
01234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123	!+* 0!+* 0!+* 0!+* 00!+* 0!+* 0!+* 0!+*	ABCDEFY > > NOPQRSTUVWXY 16 - LUBBLCEEGTHRSO ERE ENCISATION LITER TO LITER BENEVATION OF THE SALE OF THE SECOND	NULL CONTROL B CONTROL C CONTROL C CONTROL C CONTROL C CONTROL C CONTROL C BACKSPACE HORIZEED VERTICAL TAB FORMFEED CARRIAGE RETU CONTROL O CONTROL O CONTROL C C CONTROL C C CONTROL C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	6656677777778812345678901234567890123456777777788888888889912345677777777888888888899123456789901234567890111111111111111111111111111111111111		ASCII BASE OESCRIPTION OESCRI

TABLE 4

DEC BASE 10	QUINT BASE 5	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION	DECIMAL BASE 10	QUINT BASE 5	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION
0123456789012345678901234567890123353333333333333333333333333333333333	!+* \$0	ABCDEFY > NOPORSTUVWXY \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	NULL CONTROL A CONTROL D CONTROL D CONTROL F CONTROL F CONTROL F CONTROL F CONTROL F CONTROL F CONTROL T LINEFEED VERTICAL TAB FORMFEED CONTROL O CONTROL O CONTROL O CONTROL O CONTROL V CONTROL V CONTROL V CONTROL V CONTROL V CONTROL V CONTROL Z CONTROL Z CONTROL Z CONTROL S	6456789012345678900123456789000000000000000000000000000000000000	\$0!+*\$0!+*\$0!+*\$0!+*\$0!+*\$0!+*\$0!+*\$0!+*	ASSE TUVWXYZ LOWERCASSE DE FGHIJKLMNOPPERCAASSE DE LOWERCAASSE DE

TABLE 5 1274602

DEC BASE 10	HEXAL BASE 6	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION	DECIMAL BASE 10	HEXAL BASE 6	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION
0123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123	! +* \$%O! +* \$+O! +* \$%O! +* \$	ABCDEP> > NOPQRSTUVWXY / 6 - LBBLCEEGTTH ABCDEP> > NOPQRSTUVWXY / 6 - CUMMLRCEEGTTH ABCDEP> - PROPERTY ABCDEPS ABC	NULL CONTROL A CONTROL B CONTROL C CONTROL C CONTROL C CONTROL F CONTROL F CONTROL F CONTROL G BACKSPACE HORIZONTAL TAB LINEFEED VERTICAL TAB FORMFAEGE RETURN CONTROL N CONTROL O CONTROL P CONTROL C C CONTROL C C CONTROL C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	65668901234567890012345678900123456789001234567890012345678900123456789000000000000000000000000000000000000	#\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION AT SIGN AT SIGN AUPPERCASE BE CUPPERCASE BE CUPPERCASE BE UPPERCASE BE UNDERCASE BE LOWERCASE BE LOW

For a BASE 7 or heptal system (we shall represent our BASE 7 haracters as '!', '+', '*', '%', '%', '"', 'O')) we will have e switch for each of the heptal characters plus one SEND switch for a total of eight switches.

DEC BASE 10	HEPTAL BASE 7	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION	DECIMAL BASE 10	HEPTAL BASE 7	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION
01234567890123456789012345678901234567890123444444444445555555555556666	+ * * * = 0 ! + * * * * = 0 ! + * * * * = 0 ! + * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	ABCDEFY > > NOPQRSTUVWXY / 16 CUMBLCEGTHRSMETISO ERE EHEOLISSAAS LITTLILLA A B B COMMENTAL A STATE OF THE COMMENT OF THE COMENT OF THE COMMENT OF THE COMMEN	NULL CONTROL ABCONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL FEDER CONTROL FEDER CONTROL FEDER CONTROL FEDER CONTROL	64 64 65 667 667 667 667 669 677 777 777 777 88 88 88 88 88 99 99 100 100 111 111 111 111 111 111 1		PABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYNL/l : abcdetmhijklmnopgrstuvwxyn{ll F	YMBOLT IONA SYSCRIPT ABBOLT I ONA BOUNDERCASSE BOUPPERCASSE BOUPPERCASSE I UVPPERCASSE I UVPPERCA

TABLE 7

Por a BASE 8 or octal system (we shall represent our BASE 8 aracters as '!'.'+'.'*'.'*'.'*'.'2'.'0') we will ... ave one switch for each of the octal characters plus one SEND switch for a total of nine switches.

DEC BASE 10	OCTAL BASE 8	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION	DECIMAL BASE 10	OCTAL BASE 8	ASCII BASE 128	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION
012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123	!+* #%=?0!	ABCDEF> > NOPQRSTUVWXY / 6 - CUMLCEGTHRSMHISO ERE EHEOISAAS LILLLILL B B S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	SYMBOL DESCRIPTION	6567890123456788901234567890123456789012345678888888888991234567890123456788888888888991234567890111111111111111111111111111111111111	0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=?0!+*#%=????????????????????????????????????	BABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYN[/] / abcdet Bhijklmnopgrstuvwxyn{!} F	ABCODEPGENERASEE OPQRESTUVWXYZ TOUUUPPERCASSEE TUVWXYZ TOUUUPPPERCASSEE TUVWXYZ TOUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU

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TABLE 8

PEXAMPLE of an OPTIMIZED BASE 3 or trinary system (we shall repre nt our BASE 3 (RADIX 3) characters as ' ! ' ' ! ' ' ' ' ' in which the most used characters are organized to require the smallest number of reduced set characters.

DEC T BASE 10	RINARY BASE 3	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION	DECIMAL TRINARY BASE BASE 10 3	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION
82090123456778901234567890123456789012345687890123456888888888888888888888888888888888888	1+01+00-1-01+000-1-01+000-1-01+000-1-01+001+0	BACKEE PACE PACE PACE PACE PACE PACE BACKEE PACE PACE PACE PACE PACE PACE PACE PA	86	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION V UPPERCASE V W UPPERCASE V Y UPPERCASE Y Y UPPERCASE Y Z UPPERCA

An EXAMPLE of an OPTIMIZED BASE 5 or quinary system (we shall represent our BASE 5 (RADIX5) characters as '!', '+','*','\$' & 'O') in which the most used characters are organized to require the smallest number of reduced set characters.

DEC	QUINT	ASCII	DEC	QUINT	ASCII
BASE	BASE	BASE SYMBOL	BASE	BASE	BASE SYMBOL
10	5	128 DESCRIPTION	10	5	128 DESCRIPTION
8239790123456788534947031045287890123458789012345878901232222 2 31 245555555545464334429868343899901234587890123458789012634518 11111111111111111111111111111111111	! +* \$0!	ASCII BASE SYMBOL 128 DESCRIPTION BSCRIPTION BSCRIPTION BSCRIPTION BSCRIPTION BSCRIPTION BSCRIPTION BSCRIPTION BSCRIPTION BSCRIPTION SPCRIPTION SIGNARY SIGNARY SIGNARY SIGNARY SIGNARY COMMARY COMMARY	49333684215327675587890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901222 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 + + # 0 +	CARET COLON HARK PERIOD BACKQUOTE SEMI-COLON HARK PERIOD BACKQUOTE VERTIOD BACKQUOTE SINGLE BACKQUOTE VERTICAL BAR VERTICAL BAR RIGHT PARACKET SIGN RIGHT BRACCET RIGHT BRACCET RIGHT BRACCET CREATER THAN SIGN RIGHT BRACCE SIGN PERCASE ABE COUPPERCASE BE CUPPERCASE BE CUPPERCASE BE CUPPERCASE BE CUPPERCASE BE CUPPERCASE BE FUPPERCASE BE CUPPERCASE CONTROL CON

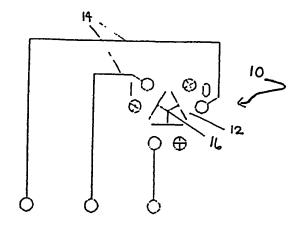
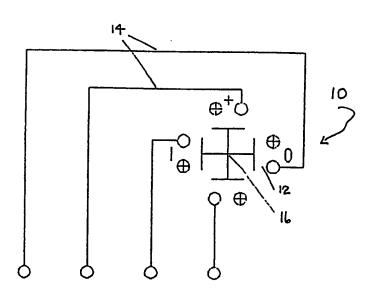
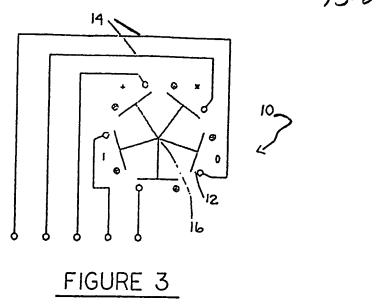
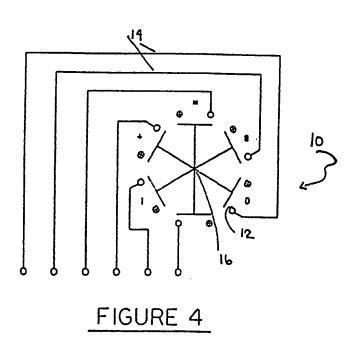


FIGURE I







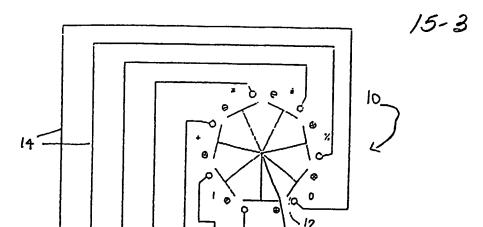
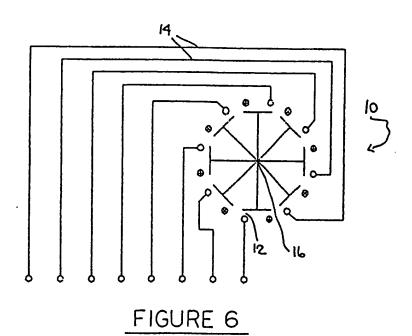
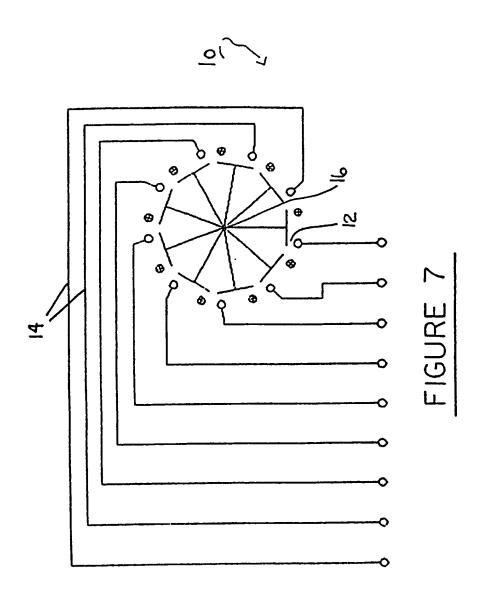
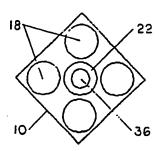


FIGURE 5







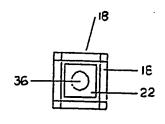
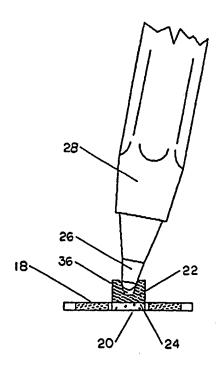


FIGURE 10



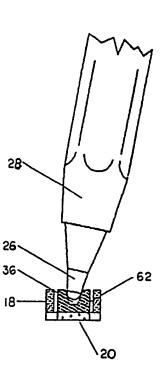
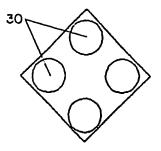


FIGURE 11



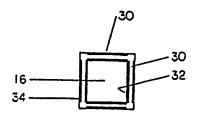
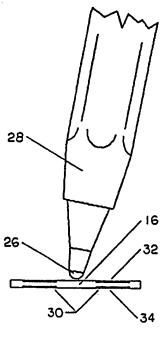


FIGURE 12

FIGURE 14



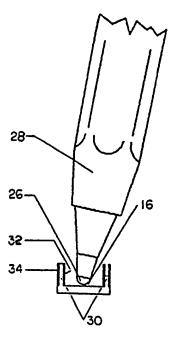
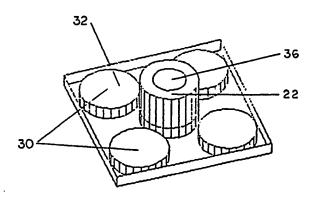


FIGURE 13

FIGURE 15



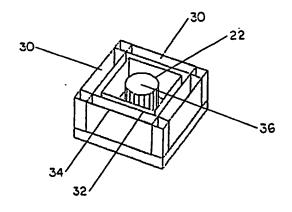


FIGURE 17

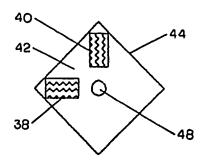
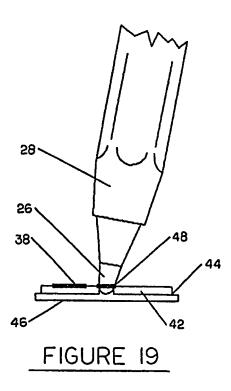


FIGURE 18



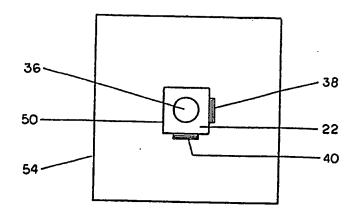


FIGURE 20

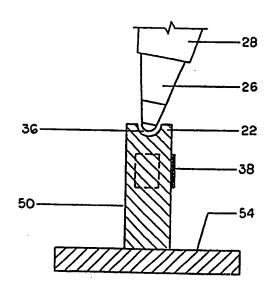


FIGURE 21

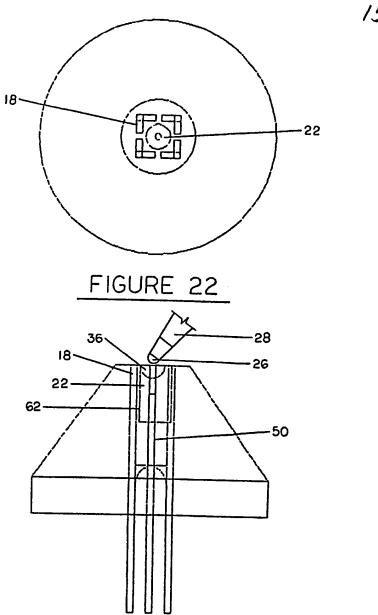
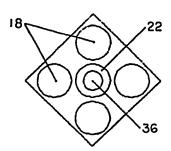


FIGURE 23



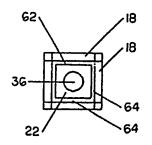
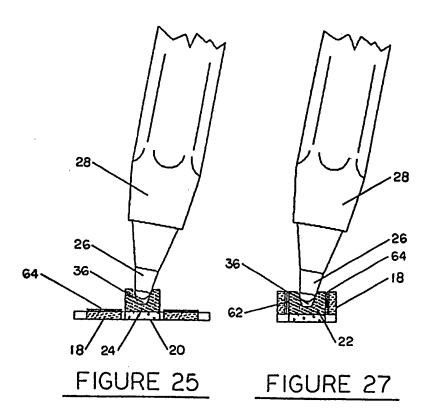
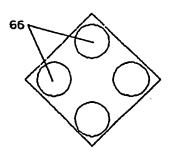


FIGURE 24

FIGURE 26





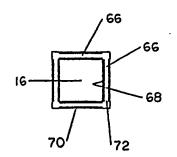
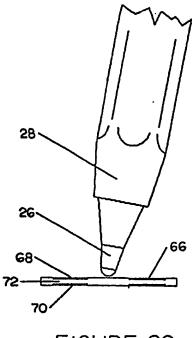


FIGURE 28

FIGURE 30





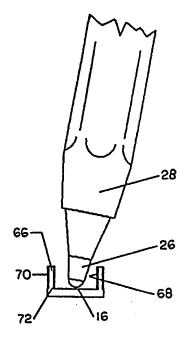
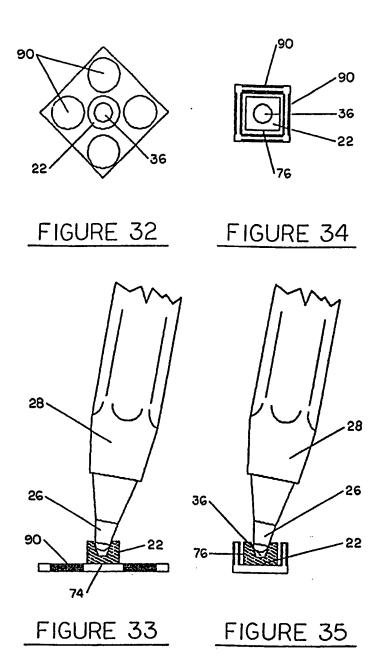
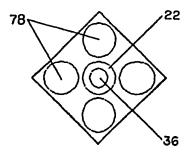


FIGURE 31





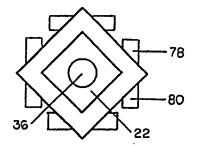
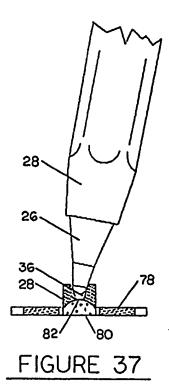
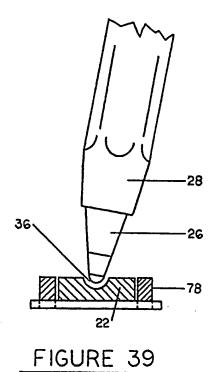
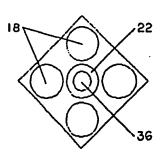


FIGURE 38





15-15



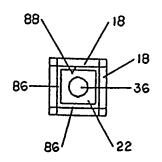


FIGURE 40.

FIGURE 42

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